

ROHM CO., LTD. Financial Highlights for the First Six Months of the Year Ending March 31, 2009
(From April 1, 2008 to September 30, 2008)



1. Consolidated Financial Results

(Figures are rounded down to the nearest million yen. Any fraction less than the unit is rounded off)

		Year ending	Year ended March	(Reference) Increase/decrease from the first six		Year ended March	Year ending March 31, 2009	Increase/decrease from the previous year
		March 31, 2009	31, 2008	months of the year ended March 31, 2008	Percentage	31, 2008	(Projected)	
		First six months	First six months	Amount	Percentage	Annual	Annual	
Net sales	Millions of yen	170,794	199,541	-28,747	-14.4%	373,405	373,500	+0.0%
Cost of sales	Millions of yen	107,226	120,972	-13,746	-11.4%	230,839	247,000	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	Millions of yen	38,132	36,583	+1,549	+4.2%	75,204	98,000	
Operating income	Millions of yen	25,435	41,984	-16,549	-39.4%	67,361	28,500	-57.7%
(Operating income margin)		(14.9%)	(21.0%)	(-6.1%)		(18.0%)	(7.6%)	
Ordinary income	Millions of yen	34,150	44,616	-10,466	-23.5%	62,796	39,500	-37.1%
(Ordinary income margin)		(20.0%)	(22.4%)	(-2.4%)		(16.8%)	(10.6%)	
Net income	Millions of yen	12,903	27,469	-14,566	-53.0%	31,931	14,000	-56.2%
(net income margin)		(7.6%)	(13.8%)	(-6.2%)		(8.6%)	(3.7%)	
Basic net income per share	yen	117.76	242.61	-124.85	-51.5%	284.66	127.77	
Ratio of net income to equity	%					4.1		
Ordinary income to total assets	%					6.8		
Total assets	Millions of yen	870,946	956,354	-85,408	-8.9%	870,972		
Net assets	Millions of yen	749,079	821,363	-72,284	-8.8%	755,872		
Equity ratio	%	86.0	85.8	+0.2		86.7		
Net assets per share	yen	6,833.58	7,306.35	-472.77	-6.5%	6,895.25		
Capital expenditures	Millions of yen	20,300	15,739	+4,561	+29.0%	38,721	65,000	+67.9%
Depreciation (Tangible fixed assets)	Millions of yen	19,656	26,136	-6,480	-24.8%	55,060	53,000	-3.7%
Research and development costs	Millions of yen	16,838	15,986	+852	+5.3%	33,061	42,600	+28.8%
Net financial revenue								
(Interest and dividend income)	(Millions of yen)	(3,814)	(6,099)	(-2,285)	(-37.5%)	(11,808)		
Foreign currency exchange gains/losses	Millions of yen	(gain) 5,824	(loss) 2,399	(gain) 8,223		(loss) 15,159		
								(Second half of the fiscal year)
Foreign exchange rate (Average yen-dollar rate)	yen/US\$	105.66	119.64	-13.98	-11.7%	115.29	100.00	
Number of employees								
	Domestic	5,189	5,264	-75	-1.4%	5,186		
	Overseas	16,180	15,172	+1,008	+6.6%	15,353		
	Total	21,369	20,436	+933	+4.6%	20,539		
	(Number of R&D employees)	(2,136)	(2,157)	(-21)	(-1.0%)	(2,116)		
Number of consolidated subsidiaries		39	40	-1		40		
	(Domestic)	(10)	(12)	(-2)		(11)		
	(Overseas)	(29)	(28)	(+1)		(29)		
Number of non-consolidated subsidiaries		1	0	+1		0		
	(Number of companies accounted for by equity method)	(0)	(0)	(0)		(0)		
Number of affiliated companies		6	2	+4		5		
	(Number of companies accounted for by equity method)	(1)	(2)	(-1)		(5)		

(Note) 1. The values of "Increase/decrease from the first six months of the year ended March 31, 2008" are for reference since financial figures are calculated in accordance with accounting standards including "Accounting Standards Regarding Quarterly Financial Statements" from the consolidated fiscal year ending March 31, 2009.

2. As the projected data is based on information that ROHM is currently acquiring as well as specific prerequisites judged as legitimate, actual data may be considerably different due to various factors.

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Note: This report is a translation of the financial highlights of the company prepared in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Securities and Exchange Law and its related accounting regulations, and in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan. The original version of this report is written in Japanese. In the event of any discrepancies in words, accounts, figures, or the like between this report and the original, the original Japanese version shall govern.

1. Consolidated Financial Results (Continued from the previous page)

(Figures are rounded down to the nearest million yen. Any fraction less than the unit is rounded off)

		Year ending March	Year ended March	(Reference) Increase/decrease from the first six		Year ended March	Year ending March 31,2009	Increase/decrease from the previous year
		31,2009	31,2008	months of the year ended March 31, 2008	months of the year ended March 31, 2008	31,2008	(Projected)	
		First six months	First six months	Amount	Percentage	Annual	Annual	
Sales by product category and geographical region								
Integrated circuits	Millions of yen	73,249	88,810	-15,561	-17.5%	162,940	191,298	+17.4%
(Japan)		(29,336)	(43,040)	(-13,704)	(-31.8%)	(78,128)	(88,764)	(+13.6%)
(Asia)		(40,574)	(42,445)	(-1,871)	(-4.4%)	(78,345)	(88,545)	(+13.0%)
(Americas)		(1,208)	(1,638)	(-430)	(-26.2%)	(2,968)	(8,871)	(+198.8%)
(Europe)		(2,130)	(1,684)	(+446)	(+26.4%)	(3,498)	(5,116)	(+46.3%)
Discrete semiconductor devices		72,009	82,095	-10,086	-12.3%	155,469	133,393	-14.2%
(Japan)		(21,251)	(23,851)	(-2,600)	(-10.9%)	(46,821)	(40,201)	(-14.1%)
(Asia)		(44,459)	(51,108)	(-6,649)	(-13.0%)	(94,873)	(81,679)	(-13.9%)
(Americas)		(2,895)	(3,560)	(-665)	(-18.7%)	(6,660)	(5,243)	(-21.3%)
(Europe)		(3,403)	(3,573)	(-170)	(-4.8%)	(7,113)	(6,268)	(-11.9%)
Passive components		11,636	11,735	-99	-0.8%	23,446	22,436	-4.3%
(Japan)		(2,168)	(2,565)	(-397)	(-15.5%)	(5,030)	(4,374)	(-13.0%)
(Asia)		(7,607)	(7,282)	(+325)	(+4.5%)	(14,714)	(14,663)	(-0.3%)
(Americas)		(645)	(749)	(-104)	(-13.8%)	(1,434)	(1,187)	(-17.2%)
(Europe)		(1,214)	(1,137)	(+77)	(+6.7%)	(2,266)	(2,210)	(-2.5%)
Displays		13,898	16,900	-3,002	-17.8%	31,549	26,371	-16.4%
(Japan)		(3,560)	(4,197)	(-637)	(-15.2%)	(7,781)	(7,059)	(-9.3%)
(Asia)		(8,088)	(9,862)	(-1,774)	(-18.0%)	(18,377)	(15,018)	(-18.3%)
(Americas)		(924)	(1,162)	(-238)	(-20.5%)	(2,236)	(1,650)	(-26.2%)
(Europe)		(1,325)	(1,678)	(-353)	(-21.1%)	(3,153)	(2,642)	(-16.2%)
Total		170,794	199,541	-28,747	-14.4%	373,405	373,500	(+0.0%)
(Japan)		(56,317)	(73,655)	(-17,338)	(-23.5%)	(137,761)	(140,400)	(+1.9%)
(Asia)		(100,730)	(110,699)	(-9,969)	(-9.0%)	(206,310)	(199,907)	(-3.1%)
(Americas)		(5,673)	(7,110)	(-1,437)	(-20.2%)	(13,301)	(16,954)	(+27.5%)
(Europe)		(8,073)	(8,075)	(-2)	(-0.0%)	(16,031)	(16,237)	(+1.3%)

Sales by application

Visual	%	8.3	6.3	+2.0		6.7		
Audio		12.1	12.1	0.0		12.2		
Home appliance		2.4	2.2	+0.2		2.3		
Other consumer		12.1	10.0	+2.1		10.3		
Computer and OA		14.3	17.6	-3.3		14.9		
Telecommunications		11.4	14.6	-3.2		11.8		
Automotive		8.7	7.4	+1.3		8.0		
Other industrial		2.1	1.7	+0.4		1.8		
Subassemblies		16.7	17.1	-0.4		19.4		
Others		11.9	11.0	+0.9		12.6		

Capital expenditures by product category

Integrated circuits	Millions of yen	5,136	6,203	-1,067	-17.2%	12,816	27,000	+110.7%
Discrete semiconductor devices		9,296	5,640	+3,656	+64.8%	16,970	21,000	+23.7%
Passive components		2,159	1,025	+1,134	+110.6%	2,033	3,000	+47.5%
Displays		1,786	808	+978	+120.8%	1,468	4,000	+172.4%
Others		1,921	2,060	-139	-6.8%	5,432	10,000	+84.1%
Total		20,300	15,739	+4,561	+29.0%	38,721	65,000	+67.9%

2. Non-consolidated Financial Results

(Figures are rounded down to the nearest million yen. Any fraction less than the unit is rounded off)

		Year ending March	Year ended March	(Reference) Increase/decrease from the first six		Year ended March	Year ending March 31, 2009	Increase/decrease from the previous year
		31, 2009	31, 2008	months of the year ended March 31, 2008	Amount	Percentage	31, 2008	
		First six months	First six months			Annual	Annual	
Net sales	Millions of yen	155,110	178,162	-23,052	-12.9%	333,279	283,000	-15.1%
Operating income	Millions of yen	11,022	23,105	-12,083	-52.3%	36,391	11,500	-68.4%
(Operating income margin)		(7.1%)	(13.0%)	(-5.9%)		(10.9%)	(4.1%)	
Ordinary income	Millions of yen	22,351	27,395	-5,044	-18.4%	33,244	23,700	-28.7%
(Ordinary income margin)		(14.4%)	(15.4%)	(-1.0%)		(10.0%)	(8.4%)	
Net income	Millions of yen	7,456	18,836	-11,380	-60.4%	18,077	7,800	-56.9%
(Net income margin)		(4.8%)	(10.6%)	(-5.8%)		(5.4%)	(2.8%)	
Basic net income per share	yen	68.05	166.36	-98.31	-59.1%	161.16	71.18	
Total assets	Millions of yen	576,050	596,468	-20,418	-3.4%	543,393		
Net assets	Millions of yen	465,554	511,020	-45,466	-8.9%	476,241		
Equity ratio	%	80.8	85.7	-4.9		87.6		
Net assets per share	yen	4,248.82	4,547.65	-298.83	-6.6%	4,346.28		
Interim cash dividends	yen	65.0	65.0	0.0				
(Annual cash dividends)	(yen)					(230.0)	(130.0)	
Capital expenditures	Millions of yen	1,935	2,550	-615	-24.1%	5,437	9,700	+78.4%
Depreciation (Tangible fixed assets)	Millions of yen	1,906	2,999	-1,093	-36.4%	6,431	4,300	-33.1%
Net financial revenue								
(Interest income) (Millions of yen)		(1,547)	(1,939)	(-392)	(-20.2%)	(4,013)		
(Dividend income) (Millions of yen)		(4,848)	(4,368)	(+480)	(+11.0%)	(4,454)		
Total	Millions of yen	6,395	6,308	+87	+1.4%	8,468		
Foreign currency exchange gains/losses	Millions of yen	(gain) 3,994	(loss) 1,651	(gain) 5,645		(loss) 11,956		
Number of employees		3,348	3,297	+51	+1.5%	3,231		
Number of shareholders		28,531	24,910	+3,621	+14.5%	25,067		
Financial institution shareholding ratio	%	20.58	21.30	-0.72		21.74		
Foreign shareholding ratio	%	50.54	53.78	-3.24		50.26		

(Note) Although financial figures of the accumulated period of the first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009 within Non-consolidated Financial Results are compiled in accordance with "Regulations on Consolidated Quarterly Financial Statements", these are not the subject of review in legal disclosure.

Financial Report for the First Six Months of the Year Ending March 31, 2009

November 6, 2008

Listed Company Name: ROHM CO., LTD.

Stock Exchange Listings Tokyo, Osaka

Code No.:6963 URL: <http://www.rohm.co.jp>

Company Representative: (Title) President

(Name) Ken Sato,

Contact Person: (Title) Director, Accounting & Finance Headquarters

(Name) Eiichi Sasayama,

Scheduled Date for Submitting the Quarterly Financial Reports: November 13, 2008

Scheduled Date for the First-dividend Payment:

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December 5, 2008

(Figures are rounded down to the nearest million yen.)

1. Consolidated Business Results for the First Six Months of the Year Ending March 31, 2009 (From April 1, 2008 to September 30, 2008)

(1) Consolidated Operating Results (Accumulated total)

(The percentages [%] represent changes from the first six months of the previous year.)

	Net sales		Operating income		Ordinary income		Net income for the first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009	
	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%
First six months of the year ending March 31, 2009	170,794	—	25,435	—	34,150	—	12,903	—
First six months of the year ended March 31, 2008	199,541	-2.8	41,984	4.2	44,616	0.6	27,469	-4.8

	Basic net income per share		Diluted net income per share	
	Yen		Yen	
First six months of the year ending March 31, 2009	117.76		—	
First six months of the year ended March 31, 2008	242.61		—	

(2) Consolidated Financial Position

	Total assets		Net assets		Shareholder's equity ratio		Net assets per share	
	Millions of yen		Millions of yen		%		Yen	
First six months of the year ending March 31, 2009	870,946		749,079		86.0		6,833.58	
Year ended March 31, 2008	870,972		755,872		86.7		6,895.25	

(Reference) Shareholder's equity First six months of the year ending March 31, 2009: 748,772 million yen
Year ended March 31, 2008: 755,545 million yen

2. Dividend Details

	Dividend per share					
	(Base date)	End of the first quarter	Interim	End of the third quarter	End of year	Annual
Year ended March 31, 2008	—	—	65.00	—	165.00	230.00
Year ending March 31, 2009	—	—	65.00	—	—	—
Year ending March 31, 2009 (Estimates)	—	—	—	—	65.00	130.00

(Note) Revision to estimates of dividends in the first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009: None
Commemorative dividend of 100 yen is included in the dividends for the year ended on March 31, 2008.

3. Consolidated Business Results Forecast for the Year Ending March 31, 2009 (From April 1, 2008 to March 31, 2009)

(The percentages [%] represent changes from the previous fiscal year)

	Net sales		Operating income		Ordinary income		Net income		Basic net income per share	
	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	yen	
Fiscal 2009	373,500	0.0	28,500	-57.7	39,500	-37.1	14,000	-56.2	127.77	

(Note) Revision to estimated figures for consolidated business results in the first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009: Yes

4. Other

(1) Major changes in subsidiaries during the first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009 (Changes in designated subsidiaries involving changes in the range of consolidation): None

(2) Application of simple accounting procedure and specific accounting procedure on compiling consolidated quarterly financial statement: None

(3) Changes in accounting policies, procedures, indication methods, etc. concerned with the preparation of quarterly financial statements

(Changes to be entered as changes to major conditions for the preparations of consolidated quarterly financial statements)

[1] Changes according to revision of accounting standards: Yes

[2] Other changes: Yes

(Note) For details, please refer to "4. Others of [Qualitative information: Financial statements and others]" on Page 6.

(4) Number of shares outstanding (common shares)

[1] Year-end number of shares outstanding (incl. treasury shares)

The first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009 118,801,388 shares Year ended March 31, 2008 118,801,388 shares

[2] Year-end number of treasury shares

The first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009 9,228,826 shares Year ended March 31, 2008 9,226,835 shares

[3] Average number of shares during the period (Consolidated accumulated period of the quarter)

The first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009 109,573,876 shares The first six months of the year ended March 31, 2008 113,224,339 shares

*Explanation on Adequate Usage of Business Results Forecast

(1) Since the statement regarding the business results forecast accounted for in this financial report is based on current information acquired by ROHM as well as specific legitimate prerequisites, actual business results may be considerably different due to various factors. Regarding prerequisite on business results forecast and other related subjects, please refer to "3. Qualitative information regarding consolidated business results forecast of [Qualitative Information, Financial Statements and Others]" on Page 5 and "Announcement concerning revision of the business results forecast" which we released today (November 6, 2008).

(2) Starting this consolidated fiscal year, ROHM is applying the following standards: "Accounting Standards Regarding Quarterly Financial Statements" (Accounting Standard No. 12, Issued on March 14, 2007, The Accounting Standards Board of Japan) and "Application Guidelines of Accounting Standards Regarding Quarterly Financial Statements" (Application Guidelines of Accounting Standard No.14, Issued on March 14, 2007, Accounting Standards Board of Japan). ROHM is also compiling consolidated quarterly financial statements in accordance with the "Regulations on Consolidated Quarterly Financial Statements."

(Reference) Non-consolidated Business Results Forecast

Non-consolidated Business Results Forecast for the Year Ending March 31, 2009 (From April 1, 2008 to March 31, 2009)

(The percentages [%] represent changes from the previous fiscal year)

	Net sales		Operating income		Ordinary income		Net income		Basic net income per share
	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Yen
Fiscal 2009	283,000	-15.1	11,500	-68.4	23,700	-28.7	7,800	-56.9	71.18

(Note) Revisions to estimated figures for non-consolidated business results in the first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009: Yes

* Explanation on Adequate Usage of Business Results Forecast

Since the statement regarding the business results forecast accounted for in this financial report is based on current information acquired by ROHM as well as specific legitimate prerequisites, actual business results may be considerably different due to various factors. Regarding prerequisite on business results forecast and other related subjects, please refer to “3. Qualitative information regarding consolidated business results forecast of [Qualitative Information, Financial Statements and Others]” on Page 5 and “Announcement concerning revision of the business results forecast” which we released today (November 6, 2008).

[Qualitative Information, Financial Statements and Others]

1. Qualitative information regarding consolidated operating results

(Note) Increases/decreases from the first six months of the previous year are indicated as a reference.

Overall condition on business performance

During the consolidated accumulated period of the first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009, the world economy remained sluggish on the whole as world-wide financial turmoil that originated from the subprime loan problem in the U.S. had a negative impact on employment and consumption in various global regions. In the US, the economy temporarily showed signs of recovery in the spring as the oil price seemed stable; however, after the summer, besides decrease in personal assets due to sluggish housing prices and stock values, the effects of surging oil and food prices and deterioration of the employment environment and growing financial uneasiness, the condition in which we are unable to foresee the crisis bottom continued. Similarly in Europe, personal consumption remained stagnant, and in Asia, major countries such as China and South Korea saw slow economic growth. The Japanese economy also showed a downturn due to sluggish capital investment and housing investment, a slowdown in the growth of mining and manufacturing production, and deterioration of employment conditions.

In the electronics industry, the production of major equipment including personal computers, mobile phones, and flat-screen TVs continued to be robust on volume terms, supported by growth in emerging countries. However, in value terms, because of sluggish consumption in developed countries as well as disappointing demand for the Beijing Olympics, the medium- to high-end products did not demonstrate any increase. In the personal computer market, although low-price products drove the demand, sales growth slowed down after the summer, and adjustment was seen for the mobile phone market as well in Japan. Despite a seasonal recovery in the electronics industry, the markets for main equipment including mobile phones, personal computers, and flat-screen TVs were put under severe conditions affected by low-priced equipment, thus resulting in the intensifying price competition and reduction in number of parts for the equipment. Also, price increase in raw materials such as rare metals has raised the cost of materials.

Within individual regions, in Japan, part of digital AV equipment including flat-screen TVs and digital still cameras remained robust, while in the mobile phone market, affected by introduction of a new sales system, demand slowed down. At the same time the personal computers market also entered an adjustment phase. In Asian regions, the production of digital AV equipment, mobile phones, and personal computers was strong as the world's production base of electronic equipment. However, the production was centered on low-priced products for emerging countries, and demand for parts was sluggish. In Europe, increase in the production of flat-screen TVs was seen in Eastern Europe, but slow-down of the economy deteriorated markets related to car components. Also, in the US, considerable decrease was seen in the market of car components, reflecting an overall weak market.

Under these circumstances, the ROHM group, from the viewpoint that the market would continue to expand in the medium to long term, focused on strengthening sales in the fields of the automotive, electrical and flat-screen TV markets, as well as increasing sales to overseas customers, thus exerted itself to enforce the structure of the sales divisions related to the automotive and electrical markets, and the sales division which focuses on overseas customers. Divisions of sales, development, and production started operating a network system that provides business information of global customers and contents of business negotiations on a real time basis, focusing on the promotion of IT, and development of ECO-Devices which aim to improve the global environment. In addition, ROHM decided to acquire shares of the semiconductor business of Oki Electric Co., Ltd. on October 1, 2008, promoting policies to develop as an Integrated Device Manufacturer (IDM) with strong competitiveness in the long term.

Net sales during the consolidated accumulated period of the first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009 recorded 170,794 million yen, a decrease of 14.4 percent from the first six months of the previous fiscal year. Gross profit on sales marked 63,567 million yen, a decrease of 19.1 percent from the first six months of the previous fiscal year. Operating income was 25,435 million yen, a decrease of 39.4 percent from the first six months of the previous fiscal year.

On ordinary income, although non-operational gains and losses recovered due to increase in gain from foreign currency exchange, it was unable to complement the decrease in operating income, consequently, it marked 34,150 million yen (decrease of 23.5 percent from the first six months of the previous fiscal year). Net income for the first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009 recorded 12,903 million yen (decrease of 53.0 percent from the first six months of the previous fiscal year) as loss on revaluation of investment securities and special severance payments for early retired employees at subsidiaries were allotted on extraordinary losses and due to the increase in burden with corporate tax by deferred tax asset dipping.

Overview for performance in each division

<Integrated circuits>

The net sales for the consolidated accumulated period of the first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009 were 73,249 million yen. (decrease of 17.5 percent from the first six months of the previous year.)

In the category of LSI, sales of IC s for mobile phones including LED drivers and ambient light sensor IC were robust; however, sales of LSI drivers and audio integrated LSI for the domestic mobile phones market were sluggish. For audio equipment, Voice Generation ADPCM Decoder LSI (*1) was in good demand, but sales of motor drivers for car audio systems and sound processors were weak. For game consoles, video encoder IC (*2), power supply IC, and switching regulator for HDD (*3) remained brisk. As for personal computers, although sales of secondary power supplies were robust, sales of driver ICs for fan motors were sluggish. In general purpose equipment, LDO regulators (*4) and EEPROMs saw stagnant sales.

In the area of module products, sales of AC/DC converters (*5) and power modules for automobiles recorded brisk activity.

ROHM continued to focus its efforts on improving its production system efficiencies, and also tackled introducing the process using new technology such as nonvolatile logic LSI (*6). The company also did its utmost to construct a production system of LSI in Tianjin with the view of strengthening ROHM's supply system in China where we can expect expansion of the market in the long term.

- *1. Voice Generation ADPCM Decoder LSI
LSI for demodulating voice-compressed data in the form of ADPCM and reproducing the sound on speaker.
- *2. Video encoder IC
LSI to convert digital video signal which is output from camera and MPEG decoder into analogue TV signal (video signal).
- *3. Switching regulator
A circuit which creates desired voltage from a certain voltage by speedy switching between stepping up or stepping down.
- *4. LDO regulator
A circuit to output a certain level of desired voltage from a certain input voltage. LDO stands for "Low Drop Out" which indicates the type with little loss in conversion.
- *5. AC/DC converter
A circuit which converts alternate current into direct current.
- *6. Nonvolatile logic LSI
LSI which embeds a nonvolatile logic circuit into a data storage area called the Register located inside of LSI that ROHM has developed.

<Discrete semiconductor devices>

The net sales for the consolidated accumulated period of the first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009 were 72,009 million yen. (decrease of 12.3 percent from the first six months of the previous year.)

In the category of transistor and diode, MOSFET for power equipment and fast recovery diodes (*7) for digital AV equipment enjoyed brisk sales. On the other hand, sales of bipolar transistors and small signal diodes were stagnant.

LEDs (Light Emitting Diodes) enjoyed increased sales with a focus on small-profile products including the world's smallest and thinnest LED, "PICOLED™", as well as blue and white LED.

In semiconductor lasers, sales increased in some fields of dual wavelength lasers, but triggered by intensifying price competition, the overall sales were sluggish.

In the areas of production systems, production transfer to overseas plants in Thailand, the Philippines, and Tianjin, China was further progressed, and also the production line continued to be made highly efficient with the objective of enhancing capability to respond to cost.

- *7. Fast recovery diode
Diode which is equipped with features with faster reverse recovery than a normal diode.

<Passive components>

The net sales for the consolidated accumulated period of the first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009 were 11,636 million yen. (decrease of 0.8 percent from the first six months of the previous year.)

Concerning resistors, super-small size and super-low ohmic resistance-type products recorded strong sales; however, due to their being affected by intensifying price competition, sales were sluggish.

Sales of tantalum capacitors continuously experienced a favorable increase in the bottom surface electrodes, and in addition, by strengthening the line-up of compact products, those enjoyed strong sales.

The production system for tantalum capacitors was beefed up at the plant in Thailand, and for a response to the price rise in raw materials, ROHM did its utmost to bring the cost down by constructing start-to-finish production from elements.

<Displays>

The net sales for the consolidated accumulated period of the first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009 were 13,898 million yen. (decrease of 17.8 percent from the first six months of the previous year.)

In the Printheads category, although the demand for small-size thermal printheads for miniaturized-printers remained solid, image sensor heads for facsimile machines recorded sluggish sales.

LED displays lost sales including decrease in sales of LED display modules such as dot-matrix type and eight-character numeric displays.

As for the production system, standardization of the production process at the factory in Dalian was further promoted.

2. Qualitative information regarding consolidated financial conditions

Analysis on status of assets, liabilities, net assets and cash flow

On financial status at the end of the first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009, total assets decreased 26 million yen from the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008 and amounted to 870,946 million yen. The main factors were increases in cash and time deposits by 40,042 million yen and in notes and accounts receivable by 4,934 million yen respectively, as well as decreases in securities by 9,066 million yen, and in investment securities by 36,316 million yen, respectively.

Liabilities increased by 6,767 million yen from the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008 and amounted to 121,866 million yen. This was attributable to a decrease in other accounts payable by 3,238 million yen, as well as increases in accrued income taxes by 3,245 million yen and deferred tax liabilities (long-term liabilities) by 8,137 million yen, respectively.

Net asset decreased by 6,793 million yen from the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008 and amounted to 749,079 million yen. The main factors for this decrease were that retained earnings decreased by 4,933 million yen, in foreign currency translation adjustment by 1,646 million yen, respectively.

As a consequence, equity ratio decreased from 86.7 percent at the end of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008 to 86.0 percent.

In addition, cash flow status was as follows.

Cash flow from operating activities during the consolidated accumulated period of the first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009 recorded a plus of 35,028 million yen. The main increase factors were income before income taxes, minority interests of 28,237 million yen and a depreciation of 19,965 million yen, and the main decrease factors were increase of 5,629 million yen in notes and accounts receivable and 5,624 million yen of the payment of income taxes.

Cash flow from investing activities during the consolidated accumulated period of the first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009 marked a plus of 15,251 million yen. The main increase factor was revenue from selling and paying-off of securities and investment securities of 36,459 million yen and the main decrease factor was purchases of tangible fixed assets of 21,164 million yen.

Cash flow from financing activities during the consolidated accumulated period of the first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009 recorded a minus of 18,093 million yen. This was mainly attributable to the payment of dividends of 18,079 million yen.

Consequently, cash and cash equivalents increased from the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008 by 36,658 million yen, and on the other hand, affected by negative 158 million yen that accompanies revision to the extent of consolidation, the balance as of the end of the first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009 recorded 362,214 million yen.

3. Qualitative information regarding consolidated business results forecast

Overall conditions concerning the performance prospects for the year ending March 31, 2009

In the world economy as a whole, the financial turmoil that is deepening the level of disarray in the US, is affecting not only the US economy but also the world's real economy, and business confidence is being deteriorated day by day. Also in the electronics industries, the effect of the downturn in the global economy is expected to cause extremely severe conditions, and furthermore, due to intensifying price competition and appreciation of the yen, the business environment seems to be growing increasingly harsh.

Under these circumstances, the ROHM group will further focus on developing new higher added-value products, such as high-function/high performance LSIs and compact/highly-reliable discrete products, continuing to strengthen the product lineup for wide-ranging markets, including lighting equipment and home appliances as well as markets centered on digital AV equipment, consisting of mobile phones, flat-screen TVs and automobile components. On the subject of the production process, ROHM not only further strengthens the production system by focusing on new products, but also continues to improve quality and reliability. Furthermore, ROHM will actively exert itself to cut the cost through reviews of reduction in expenses, inventories, capital investment, etc. in response to changes in business environment.

In addition, ROHM will do its utmost to improve performances, proceeding to enhance support for sales and technologies both at home and abroad.

Furthermore, by acquiring the semiconductor business of Oki Electric Co., Ltd, we consider, by exerting the synergy effect with a mutually complementary relationship with such division, that we are able to further improve sales and income in the semiconductor market which faces intensifying competition

However, as the market environment is drastically deteriorating, we are expecting the consolidated business results forecast for the year ending March 31, 2009 as follows:

Net sales:	373,500 million yen (0.0 percent from the previous fiscal year)
Ordinary income:	39,500 million yen (37.1 percent down from the previous fiscal year)
Net income	14,000 million yen (56.2 percent down from the previous fiscal year)

The forecasts are based on an exchange rate of ¥ 100 to US\$1.

4. Others

- (1) Major change in subsidiaries during the first six month of the year ending March 31, 2009 (Changes to designated subsidiaries involving changes to the range of consolidation)

There is no relevant item.

- (2) Application of simple accounting procedure and specific accounting procedure for compiling consolidated quarterly financial statement:

There is no relevant item.

- (3) Changes in accounting policies, procedures, indication methods, etc. concerned with the preparation of quarterly financial statements

[1] Starting this consolidated fiscal year, ROHM is applying the “Accounting Standards Regarding Quarterly Financial Statements” (Accounting Standard No. 12, Issued on March 14, 2007, The Accounting Standards Board of Japan) and “Application Guidelines of Accounting Standards Regarding Quarterly Financial Statements” (Application Guidelines of Accounting Standard No.14, Issued on March 14, 2007, Accounting Standards Board of Japan). ROHM is also compiling consolidated quarterly financial statements in accordance with the “Regulations on Consolidated Quarterly Financial Statements.”

[2] Revision to standards and methods of evaluation of inventories

Inventories owned by ROHM with the purpose of ordinary sales have mainly been calculated by the cost accounting method of moving-averages. However, in accordance with the application of “Accounting Standard Regarding Evaluation of Inventories” (Accounting Standard No. 9, Issued on July 5, 2006, The Accounting Standards Board of Japan), ROHM chiefly uses the cost accounting method of moving-averages (method of writing down book values based on decreasing profitability regarding the values on the balance sheet).

The impact of this change on gains and losses is minor.

The effect on segment information is described in the relevant areas.

[3] Application of “Immediate Management Regarding Accounting Procedures of Foreign Subsidiaries in Compiling Consolidated Financial Statement”

Starting with the consolidated accounting period of the first quarter of the year ending March 31, 2009, ROHM is applying the “Immediate Management Regarding Accounting Procedures of Foreign Subsidiaries in Compiling Consolidated Financial Statement” (Report on Responding to Business Practice No.18, Issued on May 17, 2006, Accounting Standards Board of Japan) and adding necessary revisions at the consolidated accounting closing.

The impact of this change on gains and losses is minor.

The effect on segment information is described in the relevant areas.

5. Consolidated Financial Statements for the First Six Months of the Year Ending March 31, 2009

(1) Consolidated Quarterly Balance Sheets

(Unit: millions of yen)

	End of the first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009 (September 30, 2008)	Abstract of balance sheets of the end of the previous fiscal year (March 31, 2008)
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and time deposits	363,258	323,216
Notes and accounts receivable trade	84,589	79,655
Securities	29,075	38,141
Commodities and Products	21,058	22,088
Products in progress	28,647	31,849
Raw materials and inventories	23,482	21,479
Prepaid pension cost	4,067	4,439
Deferred tax assets	9,851	9,963
Refundable income taxes	328	394
Other	7,283	5,144
Allowance for doubtful accounts	-405	-474
Total current assets	571,238	535,897
Fixed assets		
Tangible fixed assets		
Buildings and structures	194,145	193,270
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	449,547	447,519
Tools and furniture	38,788	39,017
Land	61,898	62,350
Construction in progress	19,379	16,947
Accumulated depreciation	-519,846	-514,097
Total tangible fixed assets	243,912	245,009
Intangible fixed assets	3,066	3,423
Investments and other assets		
Investment securities	39,900	76,216
Deferred tax assets	5,625	3,596
Other	7,573	7,190
Allowance for doubtful accounts	-371	-362
Total investments and other assets	52,728	86,641
Total fixed assets	299,707	335,074
Total assets	870,946	870,972

(Unit: millions of yen)

	End of the first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009 (September 30, 2008)	Abstract of consolidated balance sheets of the end of the previous consolidated fiscal year (March 31, 2008)
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Notes and accounts payable trade	16,737	17,677
Other accounts payable	22,358	25,596
Accrued income taxes	9,399	6,154
Deferred tax liabilities	810	780
Other	12,013	12,566
Total current liabilities	61,319	62,775
Long-term liabilities		
Deferred tax liabilities	57,964	49,827
Liabilities for retirement benefits	1,009	838
Other	1,572	1,658
Total long-term liabilities	60,546	52,324
Total liabilities	121,866	115,099
Net assets		
Shareholders' equity		
Common stock	86,969	86,969
Capital surplus	102,403	102,403
Retained earnings	690,184	695,117
Treasury stock-at cost	-91,966	-91,953
Total shareholders' equity	787,592	792,537
Unrealized or translated gains/losses		
Net unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities	1,720	1,901
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-40,539	-38,893
Total of unrealized or translated gains/losses	-38,819	-36,991
Minority interests	306	326
Total net assets	749,079	755,872
Total of liabilities and net assets	870,946	870,972

(2) Consolidated Quarterly Statements of Income
 (Consolidated accumulated period of the first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009)

	(Unit: millions of yen)
	Consolidated accumulated period of the first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009 (From April 1, 2008 To September 30, 2008)
Net sales	170,794
Cost of sales	107,226
Gross profit	63,567
Selling, general and administrative expenses	38,132
Operating income	25,435
Non-operating income	
Interest income	3,630
Foreign currency exchange gains	5,824
Other	466
Total non-operating income	9,921
Non-operating expenses	
Investment loss on equity method	1,107
Other	98
Total non-operating expenses	1,206
Ordinary income	34,150
Extraordinary gains	
Gain on sale of fixed assets	136
Gain on sale of investment securities	128
Reversal of allowance for doubtful accounts	25
Revenue from subsidies	232
Total extraordinary gains	523
Extraordinary losses	
Loss on sale/disposal of fixed assets	0
Abandonment loss on fixed assets	193
Loss by narrowing down fixed asset	232
Loss on revaluation of investment securities	3,464
Special severance payments for early retired employees	2,545
Total extraordinary losses	6,436
Income before income taxes and minority interests	28,237
Income taxes-current	9,216
Income tax-deferred	6,103
Total income taxes	15,319
Minority interests	14
Net income	12,903

(3) Consolidated Quarterly Statements of Cash Flows

(Unit: millions of yen)	
Consolidated accumulated period of the first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009 (From April 1, 2008 To September 30, 2008)	
Operating Activities	
Income before income taxes and minority interests	28,237
Depreciation and amortization	19,965
Increase(-decrease) in net liability for retirement benefits	52
Increase(-decrease) in advance payment on pension expense	375
Interest and dividends income	-3,814
Foreign currency exchange losses (-gains)-net	-3,406
Investment loss (-gains) on equity method	1,107
Revaluation loss(-gains) on securities/investment securities	3,464
Decrease (-increase) in notes and accounts receivable -trade	-5,629
Decrease (-increase) in inventories	1,521
Increase (-decrease) in notes and accounts payable -trade	-893
Other -net	-4,398
Interest and dividends -received	4,070
Income taxes -refunded (-paid)	-5,624
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>35,028</u>
Investing Activities	
Decrease (-increase) in time deposits	469
Purchase of securities and investment securities	-539
Revenue from selling and paying-off of securities and investment securities	36,459
Purchases of tangible fixed assets	-21,164
Proceeds from sales of tangible fixed assets	89
Other -net	-63
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>15,251</u>
Financing Activities	
Purchases of treasury share	-12
Dividends paid	-18,079
Other -net	-0
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>-18,093</u>
Effect of Exchange Rate changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>4,471</u>
Net Increase(-decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>36,658</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Term	325,715
Increase(-decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Accompanying Revision on Extent of Consolidation	-158
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of the First Six Months	<u>362,214</u>

Starting this consolidated fiscal year, ROHM is applying the “Accounting Standards Regarding Quarterly Financial Statements” (Accounting Standard No. 12, Issued on March 14, 2007, The Accounting Standards Board of Japan) and “Application Guidelines of Accounting Standards Regarding Quarterly Financial Statements” (Application Guidelines of Accounting Standard No.14, Issued on March 14, 2007, Accounting Standards Board of Japan). ROHM is also compiling consolidated quarterly financial statements in accordance with “Regulations on Consolidated Quarterly Financial Statements.”

(4) Note on Going Concern

No applicable items

(5) Segment Information

[Industry segments]

Consolidated accumulated period of the first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009 (From April 1, 2008 to September 30, 2008)
The main operations of the ROHM Group are the manufacturing and sales of electronic components. As the percentage of the total net sales of all segments and the total of the operating income and the asset of all segments exceeds 90% respectively, consequently the disclosure of industry segment information has been omitted.

[Geographical segments]

Consolidated accumulated period of the first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009 (From April 1, 2008 to September 30, 2008)

(Unit: millions of yen)

	Japan	Asia	Americas	Europe	Total	Eliminations/ Corporate	Consolidated
Sales							
(1) Sales to customers	56,495	100,213	5,397	8,687	170,794	-	170,794
(2) Inter-area transfer	105,385	107,541	402	213	213,542	(213,542)	-
Total sales	161,881	207,755	5,800	8,900	384,337	(213,542)	170,794
Operating income	15,167	15,282	34	175	30,659	(5,224)	25,435

(Notes) 1. Countries and areas are segmented based on their geographical proximity.

2. Major countries and areas that belong to segments other than Japan are as follows:

Asia: China, Singapore, Taiwan

Americas: United States

Europe: Germany

3. Changes in the method of accounting procedure

(Standards and methods of evaluation of inventories)

As stated in “4. Others, (3) Changes in accounting policies, procedures, indication methods, etc. concerned with the preparation of quarterly financial statements”, starting with the consolidated accounting period of the first quarter of the year ending March 31, 2009, ROHM is applying “Accounting Standards Regarding Evaluation of Inventory Assets” (Accounting Standard No. 9, Issued on July 5, 2006, The Accounting Standards Board of Japan). The impact of this change on the operating income of the geographical segments information is minor.

(Immediate management regarding accounting procedures of foreign subsidiaries in compiling consolidated financial statements)

As stated in “4. Others, (3) Changes in accounting policies, procedures, indication methods, etc. concerned with the preparation of quarterly financial statements”, starting with the consolidated accounting period of the first quarter of the year ending March 31, 2009, the “Immediate Management Regarding Accounting Procedures of Foreign Subsidiaries in Compiling Consolidated Financial Statement,” (Report on Responding to Business Practice No.18, Issued on May 17, 2006, Accounting Standards Board of Japan) is being applied. The impact of this change on the operating income of the geographical segments information is minor.

[Sales to foreign customers]

Consolidated accumulated period of the first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009 (From April 1, 2008 to September 30, 2008)

(Unit: millions of yen)

	Asia	Americas	Europe	Total
I Sales to foreign customers	100,730	5,673	8,073	114,477
II Net sales				170,794
III Sales to foreign customers as a percentage of net sales	59.0 %	3.3 %	4.7 %	67.0 %

- (Notes)
1. Countries and areas are segmented based on their geographical proximity.
 2. Major countries and areas that belong to each segment are as follows:
 - Asia: China, Singapore, Taiwan
 - Americas: United States
 - Europe: Germany
 3. Sales to foreign customers consist of export sales of ROHM and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries and sales (other than exports to Japan) of the overseas consolidated subsidiaries.

(6) Note in case there is significant change in amount of shareholders' equity

No applicable items

(Reference)

Financial Statements of the First Six Months of the Year Ended March 31, 2008

(1) Consolidated Statements of Income of the First Six Months

Period	First six months of the year ended March 31, 2008 (From April 1, 2007 To September 30, 2007)
Accounts	
	Millions of yen
Net sales	199,541
Cost of sales	120,972
Gross profit	78,568
Selling, general and administrative expenses	36,583
Operating income	41,984
Non-operating income	6,506
Non-operating expenses	3,874
Ordinary income	44,616
Extraordinary gains	1,530
Extraordinary losses	1,043
Income before income taxes and minority interests	45,103
Income taxes-current	15,203
Income tax-deferred	2,410
Minority interests	20
Net income	27,469

(2) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows of the First Six Months

Accounts	Period	First six months of the year ended March 31, 2008 (From April 1, 2007 To September 30, 2007)
		Millions of yen
I Operating Activities		
1. Income before income taxes and minority interests		45,103
2. Depreciation and amortization		26,397
3. Interest and dividends income	-	6,099
4. Foreign currency exchange losses (-gains)-net		1,014
5. Increase(-decrease) in net liability for retirement benefits		82
6. Decrease (-increase) in notes and accounts receivable -trade	-	7,294
7. Decrease (-increase) in inventories		5,248
8. Increase (-decrease) in notes and accounts payable -trade	-	1,822
9. Other -net		4,471
Sub-total		67,101
10. Interest and dividends -received		6,073
11. Income taxes -refunded	-	10,641
Net cash provided by operating activities		62,532
II Investing Activities		
1. Decrease (-increase) in time deposits	-	20,036
2. Purchase of securities and investment securities	-	31,808
3. Proceeds from sales and repayments of securities and investment securities		42,832
4. Purchases of tangible fixed assets	-	26,734
5. Proceeds from sales of tangible fixed assets		195
6. Other -net	-	104
Net cash used in investing activities	-	35,656
III Financing Activities		
1. Purchases of treasury share	-	15,012
2. Dividend paid	-	6,259
3. Other -net	-	1
Net cash used in financing activities	-	21,274
IV Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	3,231
V Net Increase (-decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		2,371
VI Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Term		312,178
VII Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of the First Six Months		314,549

(3) Segment Information

[Industry segments]

Consolidated accounting period of the first six months of the year ended March 31, 2008 (From April 1, 2007 to September 30, 2007)

The main operations of the ROHM Group are the manufacturing and sales of electronic components. As the percentages of the total net sales and the total operating income of all segments exceed 90% respectively, consequently the disclosure of industry segment information has been omitted.

[Geographical segments]

Consolidated accounting period of the first six months of the year ended March 31, 2008 (From April 1, 2007 to September 30, 2007)

(Unit: millions of yen)

	Japan	Asia	Americas	Europe	Total	Eliminations/ Corporate	Consolidated
Sales							
(1) Sales to customers	73,855	110,204	6,788	8,692	199,541	-	199,541
(2) Inter-area transfer	110,887	115,138	433	107	226,567	(226,567)	-
Total sales	184,742	225,343	7,222	8,799	426,108	(226,567)	199,541
Operating expenses	156,652	207,083	7,051	8,370	379,158	(221,601)	157,556
Operating income	28,090	18,259	171	429	46,950	(4,965)	41,984

- (Notes)
1. Countries and areas are segmented based on their geographical proximity.
 2. Major countries and areas that belong to segments other than Japan are as follows:
 - Asia: China, Taiwan, Singapore
 - Americas: the United States
 - Europe: Germany
 3. Non-allocable operating expenses included in "Eliminations/Corporate" are 2,395 million yen. Non-allocable operating expenses consist primarily of expenses relating to the administrative division of the headquarters of ROHM.

[Sales to foreign customers]

Consolidated accounting period of the first six months of the year ended March 31, 2008 (From April 1, 2007 to September 30, 2007)

(Unit: millions of yen)

	Asia	Americas	Europe	Total
I Sales to foreign customers	110,699	7,110	8,075	125,885
II Net sales				199,541
III Sales to foreign customers as a percentage of net sales	55.5 %	3.6 %	4.0 %	63.1 %

- (Notes)
1. Countries and areas are segmented based on their geographical proximity.
 2. Major countries and areas that belong to each segment are as follows:
 - Asia: China, Taiwan, Singapore
 - Americas: the United States
 - Europe: Germany
 3. Sales to foreign customers consist of export sales of ROHM and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries and sales (other than exports to Japan) of the overseas consolidated subsidiaries.

6. Others

Production, orders and actual sales status (Consolidated)

(1) Actual production

(Unit: millions of yen)

Product category		Period	Consolidated accumulated period of the first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009 (From April 1, 2008) (To September 30, 2008)	Consolidated accumulated period of the first six months of the year ended March 31, 2008 (From April 1, 2007) (To September 30, 2007)
Electronic components	Integrated circuits		71,440	84,462
	Discrete semiconductor devices		72,488	78,734
	Passive components		12,030	11,617
	Displays		13,094	16,741
Total			169,054	191,555

(Notes) 1. The amounts above are calculated based on the average sale prices for each accounting period and consumption tax and the like are excluded.

2. Major products included in each category are as follows:

Product category		Major products
Electronic components	Integrated circuit	Monolithic ICs, Power Modules, Photo Link Modules
	Discrete semiconductor devices	Transistors, Diodes, Light Emitting Diodes, Laser Diodes
	Passive components	Resistors, Capacitors
	Displays	Thermal Heads, Image Sensor Heads, LED Displays, Others

(2) Orders

(Unit: millions of yen)

Product category		Period	Consolidated accumulated period of the first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009 (From April 1, 2008) (To September 30, 2008)		Consolidated accumulated period of the first six months of the year ended March 31, 2008 (From April 1, 2007) (To September 30, 2007)	
			Order received	Order backlog	Order received	Order backlog
Electronic components	Integrated circuit		72,095	17,052	87,582	22,396
	Discrete semiconductor devices		71,357	16,402	83,226	20,307
	Passive components		11,989	3,037	12,013	2,992
	Displays		14,291	5,237	15,971	5,888
Total			169,733	41,730	198,793	51,585

(3) Actual sales

Actual sales by product category (domestic) (Unit: millions of yen)

Product category		Consolidated accumulated period of the first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009 〔 From April 1, 2008 To September 30, 2008 〕		Consolidated accumulated period of the first six months of the year ended March 31, 2008 〔 From April 1, 2007 To September 30, 2007 〕	
		Sales	Domestic ratio	Sales	Domestic ratio
Electronic components	Integrated circuit	29,336	40.0 %	43,040	48.5 %
	Discrete semiconductor devices	21,251	29.5	23,851	29.1
	Passive components	2,168	18.6	2,565	21.9
	Displays	3,560	25.6	4,197	24.8
Total		56,317	33.0	73,655	36.9

Actual sales by product category (overseas) (Unit: millions of yen)

Product category		Consolidated accumulated period of the first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009 〔 From April 1, 2008 To September 30, 2008 〕		Consolidated accumulated period of the first six months of the year ended March 31, 2008 〔 From April 1, 2007 To September 30, 2007 〕	
		Sales	Overseas ratio	Sales	Overseas ratio
Electronic components	Integrated circuit	43,913	60.0 %	45,769	51.5 %
	Discrete semiconductor devices	50,758	70.5	58,243	70.9
	Passive components	9,467	81.4	9,169	78.1
	Displays	10,338	74.4	12,703	75.2
Total		114,477	67.0	125,885	63.1

Actual sales by product category (total) (Unit: millions of yen)

Product category		Consolidated accumulated period of the first six months of the year ending March 31, 2009 〔 From April 1, 2008 To September 30, 2008 〕		Consolidated accumulated period of the first six months of the year ended March 31, 2008 〔 From April 1, 2007 To September 30, 2007 〕	
		Sales	Sales as a percentage of net sales	Sales	Sales as a percentage of net sales
Electronic components	Integrated circuit	73,249	42.9 %	88,810	44.5 %
	Discrete semiconductor devices	72,009	42.2	82,095	41.1
	Passive components	11,636	6.8	11,735	5.9
	Displays	13,898	8.1	16,900	8.5
Total		170,794	100.0	199,541	100.0